Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

For the year ended December 31, 2023

(With Independent Auditor's Report Thereon)

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Fire Commissioners Jackson Board of Fire Commissioners No. 4 County of Ocean Jackson Township, State of New Jersey

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson (hereafter referred to as the District), County of Ocean, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and in compliance with audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and audit standards prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial

reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 13, 2024 Lakewood, New Jersey



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson County of Ocean Jackson Township, State of New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and audit requirements as prescribed by Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson (hereafter referred to as the District), County of Ocean, State of New Jersey, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 13, 2024 Lakewood, New Jersey

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

As management of the Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson (hereafter referred to as the District) offer the readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended, December 31, 2023. The intent of this narrative is to look at the District's overall financial performance in terms easily understood by the layperson. Please read this in conjunction with the District's financial statements which begin on page 13. Notes to the financial statements will provide the reader with additional useful information and they begin on page 19.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2023, by approximately \$781,200. During 2022 the excess of

- assets and deferred outflows of resources over liabilities and deferred inflows of resources was approximately \$1,319,100. This is a decrease of approximately \$538,000.
- During 2023 the District operated at a deficit of approximately \$538,000. During 2022 the District operated at a deficit of approximately \$247,600. This is an increase of approximately \$290,400.
- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources increased approximately \$1,577,500 in
- As described in Note 2 to the financial statements the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement to No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, for the year ended

December 31, 2023. The adoption of this statement did not have a material impact of the District's

2023 while their assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by approximately \$849,600.

As described in Note 14 to the financial statements, *Prior Period Adjustment/Restatement of Net Position - Governmental Activities*, the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement to No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 45, 57, & 74*:, for the year ended December 31, 2023. The adoption of this principle resulted in a restatement of the District's opening net position as of

January 1, 2023 in the amount of \$189,881, as indicated in Note 14 to the financial statements.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

financial statements.

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: district wide financial statements; fund financial statements; and notes to the basic financial statements.

Reporting on the District as a Whole

Our analysis of the District as a whole begins on page 8. District wide financial statements are provided to give the reader a broad overview of the District's financial position and its financial activity for the year. It is presented in a format similar to the private sector to give the reader a familiar point of reference.

The district wide statement of net position presents information on all the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District. The difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as the District's net position. Significant increases or decreases in the District's net position can be an indication of the financial health of the District. The district wide statement of activities presents financial information about activities that result in the District's net position increasing or decreasing during the year. Financial activities are recorded when the transactions occur rather than when the cash is received or disbursed. As a result, there could be activities that result in cash flow in a future period.

The district wide financial statements report on the financial data by function. The District has one basic function: activities that are supported by property taxes. The District provides firefighting services to the citizens of Jackson Township, New Jersey, within the jurisdiction of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Like other state and local governments, the District uses fund accounting to document compliance with finance-related legal matters. The District has one type of fund, which is the governmental fund.

Governmental Funds

The District's activities are all reported in governmental funds. These funds record the flow of cash in and out of the District during the period and the balances remaining at year end for future periods. The modified accrual basis of accounting is utilized for reporting purposes. This method of accounting measures cash and all other financial assets that can be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services that it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's services.

The District maintains three separate governmental funds; the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Debt Service Fund. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund.

The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the district wide statement of net position and the district wide statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

As required by *N.J.S.A.* 40A:14:78-3, the District adopts an annual budget which is voted on by the legal voters of the district on the third Saturday in February. Budgetary comparison schedules have been prepared to document compliance with budgetary requirements.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the district-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the financial statements.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District's net position is a useful indicator of the District's financial condition. At the end of 2023, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by approximately \$781,200. The largest portion of The District's net position is its investment in capital assets. The District uses these assets to provide fire-fighting services to the community; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt. Since the capital assets are not available to liquidate the debt, other sources must be utilized for the repayment of the debt.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

					\$	Increase/	% Increase/
		2023	2022		(Decrease)		(Decrease)
Current and other assets	\$	3,803,789	\$	2,679,343	\$	1,124,446	41.97%
Capital assets	Ψ	2,775,312	Ψ	3,050,181	Ψ	(274,869)	(9.01%)
Total assets and		2,773,312		3,030,101		(271,00)	(5.0170)
deferred outflows of resources		6,579,101		5,729,524		849,577	14.83%
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		(5,797,944)		(4,220,494)		1,577,450	(37.38%)
Net position	\$	781,157	\$	1,509,030	\$	(727,873)	(48.23%)
Analysis of net position							
Investment in capital assets,							
net of related debt	\$	2,424,610	\$	2,587,794	\$	(163,184)	(6.31%)
Restricted for:							
Capital projects		262,518		352,221		(89,703)	(25.47%)
Unrestricted		(1,905,971)		(1,430,985)		(474,986)	(33.19%)
Total net position	\$	781,157	\$	1,509,030	\$	(727,873)	(48.23%)

2023 Net Position

■ Unrestricted

2022 Net Position



■ Unrestricted

The net position of the District decreased approximately \$727,900 as a result of the current year deficit and a prior period adjustment. In 2023 the capital assets decreased by approximately \$274,900 after depreciation expense.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

Governmental Activities

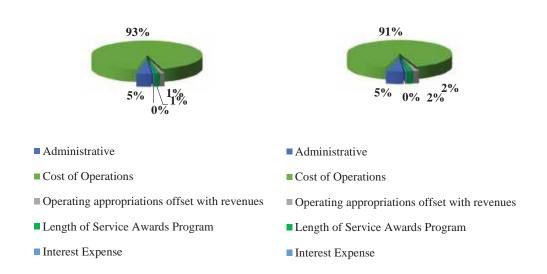
The district wide statement of activities shows the cost of the governmental activities program services. A summary of these activities follows:

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	 2023 20		2022	\$ Increase/ (Decrease)		% Increase/ (Decrease)
Expenses:						
Program expenses:						
Administrative expenses	\$ 122,850	\$	131,350	\$	(8,500)	(6.47%)
Cost of operations						
and maintenance	2,580,671		2,196,233		384,438	17.50%
Operating appropriations offset						
with revenues	38,474		41,444		(2,970)	(7.17%)
Length of service awards						
program contribution	35,190		38,909		(3,719)	(9.56%)
Interest expense	 10,635		12,681		(2,046)	(16.13%)
Total program expenses	 2,787,820		2,420,617		367,203	15.17%

2023 Program Expenses

2022 Program Expenses



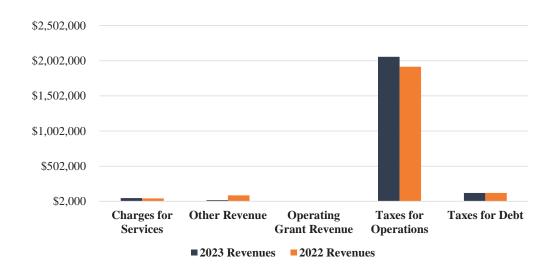
The Cost of Operations & Maintenance comprised 93% and 91% of the District's total expenses in 2023 and 2022, respectively. Administration expenses comprised 4% and 5% of the total expenses in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

DISTRICT WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (continued)

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON DISTRICT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES (continued) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

	2023	2022	\$ Increase/ (Decrease)	% Increase/ (Decrease)
Program revenues:	2023	2022	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
Charges for services	47,829	43,672	4,157	9.52%
Total program revenues	47,829	43,672	4,157	9.52%
Net program expenses	2,739,991	2,376,945	363,046	15.27%
General revenues:				
Property taxes levied for:				
General purposes	2,056,942	1,916,223	140,719	7.34%
Debt service	122,319	122,319	-	0.00%
Total property taxes levied	2,179,261	2,038,542	140,719	6.90%
Other revenue	18,396	86,451	(68,055)	(78.72%)
Operating grant revenue	4,342	4,342	-	0.00%
Total general revenues	2,201,999	2,129,335	72,664	3.41%
Increase (decrease) in net position	(537,992)	(247,610)	(290,382)	117.27%
Net position, January 1, unadjusted	1,509,030	1,756,640	(247,610)	(14.10%)
Prior period adjustment	(189,881)		(189,881)	100.00%
Net position, January 1, restated	1,319,149	1,756,640	(437,491)	(24.90%)
Net position, December 31	\$ 781,157	\$ 1,509,030	\$ (727,873)	(48.23%)

General Revenues



Property tax revenue constituted 97% and 94% of the total governmental activities revenues received by the District in 2023 and 2022, respectively.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS

The District uses fund accounting to document compliance with fianance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Fund

The primary objective of the District's governmental funds is to report on cash flows in and out during the period and the ending balances of the spendable resources. This information is useful to evaluate the performance of the District and to assess its future needs and available resources.

As of December 31, 2023, the combined balance of the governmental funds cash balances of the District was approximately \$409,600. This balance is approximately (\$248,900) lower than last year's combined governmental funds cash balances.

The combined balance of the governmental funds of the District was approximately \$1,030,900. Unassigned fund balance amounted to approximately (\$150,000) of that total. Funds of approximately \$290,000 have been designated for use in the 2024 Budget.

The general fund is the main operating fund of the District. At the end of 2023, the total fund balance of the general fund was approximately \$768,300. Of this balance, approximately (\$150,000) of it was unassigned.

During 2023 the general fund, fund balance of the District decreased by approximately \$11,500. The primary reason for this decrease are as follows:

• The Board had expenses in excess of revenues of approximately \$11,500.

During 2023 the capital projects fund, fund balance of approximately \$262,500 saw a decrease of approxeimately \$89,700 from 2022.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The 2023 Budget had a deficit in revenues and the District required the utilization of unrestricted surplus accumulated from prior years. The unused surplus becomes available for future budget periods as undesignated surplus in the General Fund.

- The District had total actual revenues in excess of budgeted revenues of approximately \$9,500 in 2023.
- Overall, the District's expenditures were approximately \$100,400 less than originally anticipated in the operating budget for 2023.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of December 31, 2023 the District had invested in capital assets for government activities of approximately \$2,775,300 (net of accumulated depreciation). Capital assets consist of building improvements, equipment and vehicles and apparatus.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON CAPITAL ASSETS NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECATION DECEMBER 31, 2023 AND 2022

			\$ Increase
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Capital Assets:			
Buildings and improvements	\$ 3,475,186	\$ 3,447,021	\$ 28,165
Equipment	1,391,810	1,349,164	42,646
Vehicles and apparatus	3,545,819	3,545,819	-
Total depreciable assets	8,412,815	8,342,004	70,811
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,637,503)	(5,291,823)	(345,680)
Total capital assets, net			
of accumulated depreciation	\$ 2,775,312	\$ 3,050,181	\$ (274,869)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7 in the notes to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEARS BUDGET

The District adopted their 2024 budget on January 18, 2024. The voters subsequently voted to approve the budget at the February election. The 2024 adopted budget reflected an increase in the tax levy of \$544,263, in which the Board anticipates an increase in the fire tax rate.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson's finances for all of those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Cheryl Parker, Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson, 465A North County Line Road, Jackson, New Jersey, 08527.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON District Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	Activities
Current assets:	
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 409,647
Investments (Note 5)	340,354
Accounts receivable (Note 4) Prepaid assets	15,892 31,182
Total current assets	797,075
Noncurrent assets:	
Investment in length of service awards program:	
at fair value (Note 5)	498,989
at contract value (Note 6)	127,501
Total investment in length of service awards program	626,490
Total noncurrent assets	626,490
Capital assets, net:	2.775.212
Depreciable (Note 7)	2,775,312
Total capital assets	2,775,312
Total assets	4,198,877
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (Note 9)	684,610
Deferred outflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits (Note 10)	1,695,614
Total deferred outflow of resources	2,380,224
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$ 6,579,101
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 99,102 262,421
Current portion of finance purchases payable (Note 8)	114,253
Total current liabilities	475,776
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Finance purchases payable, net of current portion (Note 8)	236,449
Compensated absences (Note 8) Net pension liability (Note 9)	161,292 1,872,863
Net other post-employment benefits liability (Note 10)	1,316,074
Investment in length of service award program payable (Note 11)	668,370
Total noncurrent liabilities	4,255,048
Total liabilities	4,730,824
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (Note 9)	337,488
Deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits (Note 10)	729,632
Total deferred inflow of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflow of resources	1,067,120
	5,797,944
NET POSITION	
Investment in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	2,424,610
Capital projects	262,518
Unrestricted (Note 16)	(1,905,971)
Total net position	781,157
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 6,579,101

District Wide Statement of Activities For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Expenses			harges for Services	Governmental Activities		
Governmental activities:		•					
Operating appropriations:	ф	122.050	Ф		¢.	122 050	
Administration Costs of operations and maintenance	\$	122,850 2,580,671	\$	-	\$	122,850 2,580,671	
Operating appropriations offset with revenues		38,474		47,829		(9,355)	
Length of service awards program contribution		35,190		-1,027		35,190	
Interest expense		10,635				10,635	
Total operating appropriations	\$	2,787,820	\$	47,829		2,739,991	
General revenues:							
Miscellaneous revenues						18,396	
Operating grant revenues						4,342	
Amount raised by taxation						2,179,261	
Total general revenues						2,201,999	
Change in net position						(537,992)	
Net position, January 1						1,509,030	
Prior period adjustment (Note 14)						(189,881)	
Net position, January 1, restated						1,319,149	
Net position, December 31					\$	781,157	

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet December 31, 2023

	Ge	neral Fund		Capital jects Fund		ebt e Fund	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
ASSETS								
Current assets: Cash	\$	409,647	ø		\$		\$	409,647
Investments	Ф	409,647	\$	340,354	Ф	-	Ф	340,354
Accounts receivable		15,892		-		_		15,892
Other receivables		77,836		-		-		77,836
Total current assets		503,375		340,354		-		843,729
Noncurrent assets:								
Investment in length of service awards program:		400.000						400.000
at fair value		498,989		-		-		498,989
at contract value		127,501				-		127,501
Total investment in length of service awards program		626,490				-		626,490
Total noncurrent assets		626,490		-		-		626,490
Total assets	\$	1,129,865	\$	340,354	\$	-	\$	1,470,219
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	99,102	\$	-	\$	-	\$	99,102
Accrued expenses		262,421		-		-		262,421
Other payables				77,836		-		77,836
Total liabilities		361,523		77,836		-		439,359
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted for:								
Capital		-		222,518		-		222,518
Investment in length of service awards program		668,370		-		-		668,370
Assigned for: Subsequent year's expenditures		250,000		40,000				290,000
Unassigned, reported in:		230,000		40,000				270,000
General fund		(150,028)		-		-		(150,028)
Total fund balance		768,342		262,518		_		1,030,860
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,129,865	\$	340,354	\$	-		
	-							
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statem because:	ent of	net position (A-	1) are di	ifferent				
Prepaid expenses are reported in governmental funds as e	vnendi	tures Howeve	r in the	ctatement of				
net position, the cost of those assets is expensed.		itures. Howeve	i, ili ule	statement of				31,182
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not fina reported in the fund financial statements.	ancial r	esources and the	erefore a	are not				2,775,312
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to per benefits are applicable to future reporting periods and, the								1,313,104
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the curre liabilities in the funds.	nt perio	od and are there	fore not	reported as				(4,369,301)
							_	
Total net position - Governmental Activities							\$	781,157

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the year ended December 31, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Miscellaneous anticipated revenues:				
Interest on investments and deposits	\$ 6,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,051
Appreciation in the value of length of service awards program	94,069	-	-	94,069
Other revenues	12,345		<u> </u>	12,345
Total miscellaneous revenues	112,465		<u> </u>	112,465
Operating grant revenues:				
Supplemental fire service act	4,342	-	_	4,342
TI .	,			
Total operating grant revenues	4,342	-		4,342
Revenues offset with appropriations:				
Uniform fire safety act	47,829			47,829
Total revenues offset with appropriations	47,829		· <u> </u>	47,829
Total revenues	164,636			164,636
Amount to be raised by taxation to support budget	2,056,942		122,319	2,179,261
Total anticipated revenues	2,221,578		122,319	2,343,897
Expenditures:				
Operating appropriations:				
Administration:				
Salaries and wages	22,500	-	-	22,500
Other expenditures:				
Election expense	6,128	-	_	6,128
Office expense	18,543	-		18,543
Professional fees	75,679		· ·	75,679
Total administration	122,850			122,850
Cost of operations and maintenance:	002.101			000 101
Salaries and wages	802,101	-	-	802,101
Fringe benefits Other expenditures:	602,203	-	-	602,203
Advertising	389			389
Emergency first aid equipment	243	-	-	243
Fire service agreement	50,000	-	-	50,000
Miscellaneous firefighter expense	38,068	-	-	38,068
Gear	63,647	-	-	63,647
Insurance	73,244			73,244
Maintenance and repairs	148,649	_	_	148,649
Other non-bondable assets	53,030	-	-	53,030
Hydrant rental	51,660	_	_	51,660
SCBA	10,231	_	_	10,231
Supplies	41,699	_	_	41,699
Training and education	31,540	_	_	31,540
Utilities	67,451	-	-	67,451
Total cost of operations and maintenance	2,034,155			2,034,155

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (continued) **Governmental Funds**

For the year ended December 31, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Operating appropriations offset with revenues:				
Salaries and wages	25,000	-	-	25,000
Other expenditures:				
UFSA supplies	13,474			13,474
Total operating appropriations offset with revenues	38,474			38,474
Length of service awards program:				
Administrative fees	1,248	-	-	1,248
Participant withdrawals	36,395			36,395
Total length of service awards program	37,643			37,643
Capital appropriations		89,703		89,703
Debt service for capital appropriations:				
Principal on debt service	-	-	111,684	111,684
Interest on debt service		-	10,635	10,635
Total debt service for capital appropriations			122,319	122,319
Total operating appropriations	2,233,122	89,703	122,319	2,445,144
Excess (efficiency) of revenues over (under)				
operating appropriations	(11,544)	(89,703)	-	(101,247)
Fund balance, January 1	779,886	352,221		1,132,107
Fund balance, December 31	\$ 768,342	\$ 262,518	\$ -	\$ 1,030,860

${\bf Reconciliation\ of\ Governmental\ Funds\ Statement\ of\ Revenues,}$

Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the District Wide Statement of Activities December 31, 2023

Total and showers in Freed Delayers Communicated Freeds (D.2)		¢ (101.247)
Total net changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (B-2)		\$ (101,247)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (A-2) are different because:		
Prepaid assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the district wide statement of net position, the cost of those assets are expensed.		
Prior year	(26,966) 31,182	
Current year	31,182	4,216
Certain activity related to length of service awards program (LOSAP) is not reported in governmental funds, whereas such activity is a component of the investment in length of service awards program payable reported on the district wide statement of net position.		
Length of service awards program contribution	(35,190)	
Appreciation in the value of length of service awards program	(94,069)	
Administrative fees Participant withdrawals	1,248 36,395	_
Capital Outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the district wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		(91,616)
Capital Outlay - General Fund	28,167	
Capital Outlay - Capital Projects Fund Depreciation Expense	42,645 (345,680)	
	(0.10,000)	(274,868)
Repayment of debt service is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the district wide statement of net position and is not reported in the district wide statement of activities.		111,684
In the district wide statement of activities, certain operating expenses, e.g., compensated absences (sick leave) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used, essentially, the amounts actually paid.		(4,832)
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the		
governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the district wide statement of net position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the district's report date. Pension benefit (expense), which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension, is reported in the district wide statement of activities.		
Pension benefit (expense)	(21,118)	-
District other postemployment benefit contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the district wide statement of net position because the reported net other postemployment benefit liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Other postemployment benefit (expense), which is the change in the net other postemployment benefit liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits is reported in the district wide statement of activities.		(21,118)
Other postemployment benefit benefit (expense)	(160,211)	(160,211)
Change in net position - Governmental Activities		\$ (537,992)

NOTE 1: GENERAL INFORMATION

Description of Reporting Entity

Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson (hereafter referred to as the District), is a political subdivision of the Township of Jackson Township, County of Ocean, State of New Jersey. A board of five fire commissioners oversees all of the operations of the Fire District. The length of each commissioner's term is three years with the annual election held the third Saturday of February.

Fire districts are governed by the *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 14-70 et al. and are taxing authorities charged with the responsibility of providing the resources necessary to provide firefighting services to the residents within its territorial location.

The primary criterion for including activities within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, is whether:

- the District is legally separate (can sue or be sued in their own name);
- the District hold the corporate powers of the organization;
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board;
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization;
- the organization has the potential to impose financial benefit/burden on the District;
- there is a fiscal dependency by the organization on the District.

There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above. Furthermore, the District is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

District Officials

The District is governed by a board of five commissioners. The following were in office at December 31, 2023:

	Term Expires
Officials:	March
Raymond Torres, Jr.	2026
Philip Goldman	2024
Wallace Jamison	2026
Shane O'Brien	2025
Alfred Couceiro	2024

Accounting Records

The official accounting records of the District are maintained in the office of the District.

Minutes

Minutes were recorded for meetings and contained approvals for disbursements.

NOTE 1: GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

Component Units

GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, provides guidance that all entities associated with a primary government are potential component units and should be evaluated for inclusion in the financial reporting entity. A primary government is financially accountable not only for the organizations that make up its legal entity but also for legally separate organizations that meet the criteria established by GASB Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnis - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34 and GASB Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units*. The District did not have a component unit as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental funds of state and local governments in accordance with the provisions of *N.J.A.C.* 5:31-7-1. GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Board's accounting policies are described below.

The basic financial statements report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting generally include the reclassification or elimination of internal activity (between or within funds). Fiduciary fund financial statements also report using the same focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. The tax revenues are recognized in the year for which they are levied (see Note 2: *Fire District Taxes*) while grants are recognized when grantor eligibility requirements are met.

Governmental fund financial statements report using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon thereafter, within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are maintained in accordance with the principles of fund accounting to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions on the resources available. The principles of fund accounting require that resources be classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds or account groups in accordance with activities or objectives specified for the resources. Each fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. An account group, on the other hand, is a financial reporting device designed to provide accountability for certain assets and liabilities that are not recorded in the funds because they do not directly affect net expendable available financial resources.

Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category, in turn is divided into separate "fund types."

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds:

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is used to account for the inflows and outflows of financial resources. The acquisition of certain capital assets, such as firefighting apparatus and equipment, is accounted for in the General Fund when it is responsible for the financing of such expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities such as firehouses and firefighting apparatus. Generally, the financial resources of the Capital Projects Fund are derived from the issuance of debt or by the reservation of fund balance, which must be authorized by the voters as a separate question of the ballot either during the annual election or at a special election.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for resources that will be used to service general long-term debt.

District Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district wide financial statements (A-1 and A-2) include the district wide statement of net position and the district wide statement of activities. These statements report financial information of the District as a whole excluding the fiduciary activities. All inter-fund activity, excluding the fiduciary funds, has been eliminated in the district wide statement of activities. Individual funds are not displayed but the statements distinguish governmental activities as generally supported through taxes and user fees. The district wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment or component unit are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function, segment, or component unit. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function, segment or component unit.

Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function, segment, or component unit. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. The District does not allocate general government (indirect) expenses to other functions.

Net position is restricted when constraints placed on it is either externally imposed or imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

District Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detail of the governmental funds.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, fiduciary funds and similar component units, and major component units. However, the fiduciary funds are not included in the district wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds and private purpose trust funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for measuring financial position and operating results of all governmental fund types, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. State equalization monies are recognized as revenue during the period in which they are appropriated. A one-year availability period is used for revenue recognition for all other governmental fund revenues. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recorded when due.

In its accounting and financial reporting, the District follows the pronouncements of the GASB.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.S.A. 40A: 14-78.1 et al.

The Board must introduce and adopt the annual budget no later than sixty days prior to the annual election. At introduction, the commissioners shall fix the time and place for a public hearing on the budget and must advertise the time and place at least ten days prior to the hearing in a newspaper having substantial circulation in the District. The public hearing must not be held less than twenty-eight days after the date the budget was introduced. After the hearing has been held, the fire commissioners may, by majority vote, adopt the budget.

Amendments may be made to the District budget in accordance with *N.J.S.A 40A: 14-78.3*. The budget may be amended subsequent to its final adoption and approval for additional items of revenue with offsetting appropriations in accordance with *N.J.S.A 40A: 14-78.5*. Subsequent to the adoption of the District budget, the amount of money to be raised by taxation in support of the District budget must appear on the ballot for the annual election for approval of the legal voters.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

Fire districts have a prescribed budgetary basis to demonstrate legal compliance. However, budgets are adopted on principally the same basis of accounting utilized for the preparation of the Districts general-purpose financial statements.

Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances, other than in the special revenue fund, are reported as reservations of fund balances at year-end as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. Encumbered appropriations carry over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next year to increase the appropriation reflected in the adopted budget by the outstanding encumbrance amounts as of the current year-end. There were no encumbrances at December 31, 2023.

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds and cash in banks. Fire Districts are required by *N.J.S.A. 40A: 5-14* to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. *N.J.S.A. 40A: 5-15.1* provides a list of investments that may be purchased by fire districts. *N.J.S.A. 17:9-42* requires New Jersey governmental units to deposit public funds only in public depositories located in New Jersey, where the funds are secured in accordance with the provision of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in the State of New Jersey.

Public funds are defined as the funds of any governmental unit. Public depositories include savings and loan institutions, banks (both State and National banks) and savings banks the deposits of which they are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of five percent of its average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of governmental units. If public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value (except for fully benefit-responsive investment contracts, which are reported at contract value). Contract value is the relevant measure for the portion of the net assets available for benefits of a defined contribution Length of Service Awards Program (LOSAP) Plan attributable to fully benefit-responsive investment contracts because contract value is the amount participants normally would receive if they were to initiate permitted transactions under the terms of the LOSAP Plan. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Board determines the valuation policies utilizing information provided by the investment advisers, custodians, and insurance company. See Note 5: *Investments Held at Fair Value* and Note 6: *Investments Held at Contract Value* for discussion of fair value and contract value measurements, respectively.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivables represent amounts due from local fees. Accounts receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible (see Note 4: *Accounts Receivables*).

Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses, which benefit future periods, are recorded as an expenditure during the year of purchase.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles and apparatus are reported in the district wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The District has set capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets of \$2,000. Depreciation is recorded on the straight-line method (with no depreciation applied to the first year of acquisition) over the useful lives of the assets as follows:

Description:	Useful Lives:
Building and improvements	10 to 25 Years
Equipment	5 to 15 Years
Vehicles and apparatus	5 to 25 Years

Inventory, Materials and Supplies

The inventory on hand at any time is small. Accordingly, purchases are charged directly to fixed assets or to maintenance costs, as applicable.

Other Receivables and Payables

Other receivables and payables are interfund receivables and payables that arise from transactions between funds that are due within one year are recorded by all funds affected by such transactions in the periods in which the transaction is executed.

Debt Limitation

N.J.S.A.40A:14-84 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to capital purchases. In summary, Fire Districts may purchase firefighting apparatus, equipment, land and buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding 5 mills on the dollar of the last assessed valuation of property within the district upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or 2 percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger.

Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to vacation and sick leave. Unused vacation and sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum payment of \$15,000. Unused vacation and compensatory time off will be paid back to the employees. Benefits paid in any future year will be calculated according to formulas outlined in the Fire District's agreement with the employee's union and included in the current year's

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Compensated Absences (continued)

budget. The liability for vested compensated absences is recorded as a non-current liability in the governmental activities fund. The current portion of the compensated absence balance is not considered material to the applicable fund's total liabilities and is therefore not shown separately from the long-term liability balance of compensated absences.

Pension and Other Post-employment Benefits

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* requires participating employers, including the District, in the State of New Jersey Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective total pension liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective pension expense based on the ratio of plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the plan. See Note 9: *Pension Obligations* for more information about the plan.

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions requires participating employers in the New Jersey State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees (OPEB Plan) plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective total OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective OPEB expense based on the ratio of plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the plan. See Note 10: Other post-employment Benefits Other Than Pension for more information about the plan.

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the district wide statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the district wide statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Revenues and Expenditures – Governmental Funds

Revenues are recorded when they are determined to be both available and measurable. Generally, fees and other non-tax revenues are recognized when qualifying expenditures are incurred.

Expenditures are recorded when the related liability is incurred, if measurable, except for un-matured interest on general long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Fire District Taxes

Upon proper certification to the assessor of the municipality in which the District is located, the assessor shall assess the amount of taxes to be realized in support of the District's budget in the same manner as all other municipal taxes. The collector or treasurer of the municipality shall then pay over to the treasurer or

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fire District Taxes (continued)

custodian of funds of the District the taxes assessed in accordance with the following schedule: on or before April 1, and amount equaling 21.25% of all monies assessed; on or before July 1, an amount equaling 22.5% of all monies assessed, on or before October 1, an amount equaling 25% of all monies assessed and on or before December 31 an amount equal to the difference between the total of all monies assessed and the total of monies previously paid over.

Fund Equity

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- <u>Non-spendable</u> includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by external parties, constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- <u>Committed</u> includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decisionmaking District and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes
 that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the
 Board of Commissioners.
- <u>Unassigned</u> includes balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the aforementioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Reserves represent those portions of fund equity not available for appropriation for expenditure or legally segregated for a specific future use. Designated fund balances represent plans for future use of financial resources.

Net Position

Net position, represents the difference between summation of assets and deferred outflows of resources, and the summation of liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is classified in the following three components:

- <u>Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u> This component represents capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, net of outstanding balances of borrowings used for acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- <u>Unrestricted</u> Net position is reported as unrestricted when it does not meet the criteria of the other two components of net position.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Accounting Pronouncements Adopted in Current Year

The following GASB Statements became effective for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023:

• Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements.

The implementation of this statement did not have a material impact on the District's financial statements and related disclosures.

Accounting Pronouncements Effective in Future Reporting Periods

The following accounting pronouncements will become effective in future reporting periods:

- Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections an amendment of GASB Statement 62. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.
- Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The requirements of this statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.
- Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

Management has not yet determined the potential impact these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events occurring after December 31, 2023 through the date of November 13, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3: CASH

The District is governed by the deposit and investment limitations of New Jersey state law. The deposits held at December 31, 2023, and reported at fair value are as follows:

Туре	Carrying Value		
Deposits:			
Demand deposits	\$	409,547	
Petty cash		100	
Total deposits	\$	409,647	
Reconciliation to the Governmental Funds: Current assets:	¢	400 647	
Cash	<u> </u>	409,647	
Total	\$	409,647	

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2023, the District's bank balance of \$491,221 was insured or collateralized as follows:

Insured	\$ 250,000
Collateralized in the District's name under GUDPA	 241,221
Total	\$ 491,221

NOTE 4: ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

As of December 31, 2023, accounts receivables consisted of the following:

Local fees	<u>\$</u>	15,	892
Total	<u>\$</u>	15,	892

NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is a risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the District, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. All of the District's investments are held in the name of the District.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates that will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE (continued)

Investment Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitation of state law as follows:

- Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America;
- Government money market mutual funds;
- Any obligation that a federal agency or federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligations bear a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor:
- Bonds or other obligations of the District or bonds or other obligations of the local unit or units within which the District is located;
- Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date of not more than 397 days from the date of purchase, approved by the Division of Investment in the Department of Treasury for investment by the District;
- Local Government investment pools;
- Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281; or
- Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities.

Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes its assets and liabilities measured at fair value into a three-level hierarchy based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique used to determine fair value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level I) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level III). the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Assets and liabilities valued at fair value are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level I – Inputs that utilize quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization has the ability to access. Fair values for these instruments are estimated using pricing models or quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics.

Level II – Inputs that include quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets and inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument.

Level III – Inputs that are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability, which are typically based on an entity's assumptions, as there is little, if any, related market activity. Fair values for these instruments are estimated using appraised values.

Subsequent to initial recognition, the District may remeasure the carrying value of assets and liabilities measured on a nonrecurring basis to fair value. Adjustments to fair value usually result when certain assets are impaired. Such assets are written down from their carrying amounts to their fair value.

NOTE 5: INVESTMENTS HELD AT FAIR VALUE (continued)

Fair Value Measurement (continued)

The following methods and assumptions were used by the District in estimating the fair value of its financial instruments:

Certificates of Deposit – Certificates of deposits approximate fair value, based on estimates using current market rates offered for deposits with similar remaining maturities.

Registered Investment Companies – Investments in registered investment companies consist of shares of mutual funds that are valued at quoted market prices which represent the NAV of shares held by the LOSAP Plan at year-end.

The preceding methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while the LOSAP Plan believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the value hierarchy, the District's investments at fair value at December 31, 2023.

	Level I	Level II	Level III	Total
Certificates of deposit	\$ -	\$ 340,354	\$ -	\$ 340,354
Registered investment companies	498,989			498,989
Total investments held at fair value	\$ 498,989	\$ 340,354	\$ -	\$ 839,343

NOTE 6: INVESTMENTS HELD AT CONTRACT VALUE

The District held a fully benefit-responsive investment contract with Lincoln Financial (Lincoln) totaling \$127,501 as of December 31, 2023. Lincoln maintains the contributions in the group fixed annuity contract (fixed account). The account is credited with earnings on the underlying investments and charged for participant withdrawals and administrative expenses. The traditional investment contract held by the District is a guaranteed investment contract. The contract issuer is contractually obligated to repay the principal and interest at a specified interest rate that is guaranteed to the LOSAP plan. The District's ability to receive amounts due in accordance with the fully benefit-responsive investment contract is dependent on the contract issuer's ability to meet its financial obligations.

The fixed account continues in-force until they are terminated by Lincoln or the LOSAP plan. For this reason, such contracts are referred to as "evergreen" contracts and do not define a maturity date. No events are probable of occurring might limit the ability of the LOSAP plan to transact at contract value with the contract issuer and also limit the ability of the LOSAP plan to transact at contract value with participants. This contract meets the fully benefit-responsive investment contract criteria and therefore is reported at contract value (see Note 2: *Investments*).

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS

N.J.S.A. 40A: 14-84 governs the procedures for the acquisition of property and equipment for fire districts, and the *N.J.S.A.* 40A: 14-85-87 governs procedures for the issuance of any debt related to such purchases. In summary, fire districts may purchase firefighting apparatus, equipment, land, and

NOTE 7: CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

buildings to house such property in an amount not exceeding five mills on the dollar of the least assessed valuation of property within the District upon the approval of the legal voters. Debt may be issued up to \$60,000 or two percent of the assessed valuation of property, whichever is larger. Capital assets consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

	Beginning	A dditions	Datinamanta	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Balance
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	3,447,021	28,165	-	3,447,021
Equipment	1,349,164	42,646	-	1,349,164
Vehicles and apparatus	3,545,819			3,545,819
Total capital assets being depreciated	8,342,004	70,811		8,342,004
Less: accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(2,478,295)	(73,777)	-	(2,552,072)
Equipment	(942,465)	(135,500)	-	(1,077,965)
Vehicles and apparatus	(1,871,063)	(136,403)		(2,007,466)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,291,823)	(345,680)		(5,637,503)
Total capital assets being depreciated				
net of accumulated depreciation	3,050,181	(274,869)		2,775,312
Total capital assets	\$ 3,050,181	<u>\$ (274,869)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,775,312</u>

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the fiscal year ended the following changes occurred in liabilities reported in long-term obligations:

	eginning <u>Balance</u>	ccrued/ creases	(Retired)/ (decreases)	Ending Balance	ie within ne Year
Finance purchases payable	\$ 462,386	\$ -	\$ (111,684)	\$ 350,702	\$ 114,253
Compensated absences	156,460	4,832	-	161,292	-
Net pension liability	2,071,472	-	(198,609)	1,872,863	-
Net other post-employment					
benefits liability	1,215,903	100,171	-	1,316,074	-
Investment in length of service					
awards program payable	 576,754	 91,616		 668,370	<u> </u>
Total	\$ 4,482,975	\$ 196,619	\$ (310,293)	\$ 4,369,301	\$ 114,253

Compensated Absences

In accordance with GASB No. 16 Accounting for Compensated Absences and National Council on Governmental Accounting (NCGA) Statement No. 1 Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Principles, the portion of estimated future payments for compensated absences that will use current expendable resources is reported as a current fund liability in the governmental activities fund and the balance of the liability is reported as non-current liability in the governmental activities fund. For the year

NOTE 8: LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Compensated Absences (continued)

ended December 31, 2023, the District did not have a current liability for compensated absences. The amounts included in the long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences totaling \$161,292.

Finance Purchases Payable

The District is financing a firetruck totaling \$572,024 under a finance agreement. The agreement is for a term of five years. The following is a schedule of the future minimum finance payments under this finance purchase, and the present value of the net minimum lease payments at December 31,:

	P	Principal		nterest	<u>Total</u>		
2024	\$	114,253	\$	8,066	\$	122,319	
2025		116,881		5,438		122,319	
2026		119,568		2,750		122,318	
Total	\$	350,702	\$	16,254	\$	366,956	

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Plan Description

The State of New Jersey, Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PFRS, please refer to the annual financial statements which can be found at http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/annual-reports.shtml. The vesting and benefit provisions are set by *N.J.S.A.* 43:16A. PFRS provides retirement as well as death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except disability benefits which vest after four years of service.

The following represents the membership tiers for PFRS:

<u>Tier</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Members who were enrolled prior to May 22, 2010.
2	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
3	Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits are available at age 55 and are generally determined to be 2% of final compensation for each year of creditable service, as defined, up to 30 years plus 1% for each year of service in excess of 30 years. Members may seek special retirement after achieving 25 years of creditable service, in which benefits would equal 65% (tiers 1 and 2 members) and 60% (tier 3 members) of final compensation plus 1 % for each year if creditable service over 25 years but not to exceed 30 years. Members may elect deferred retirement benefits after achieving ten years of service, in which case benefits would begin at age 55 equal to 2% of final compensation for each year of service.

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and the schedule of pension amounts by employer and nonemployer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of PFRS, its participating employers or the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of PFRS, the participating employers, or the State. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of PFRS to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Contributions

The contribution policy for PFRS is set by *N.J.S.A.* 43:16A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's contribution amount is based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. For fiscal year 2023, the State contributed an amount more than the actuarially determined amount. The Local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PFRS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the District's contractually required contributions to PFRS plan was \$225,650.

Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense

At December 31, 2023 the District's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability was \$1,872,863. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions for the year ended December 31, 2023. The District's proportion measured as of June 30, 2023, was 0.01695%, which was a decrease of 0.001146% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Net Pension Liability and Pension Expense (continued)

	Balance December 3			
		2023		2022
Actuarial valuation date (including roll forward)	June	30, 2023	June	e 30, 2022
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	684,610	\$	968,206
Deferred Inflows of Resources		337,488		401,357
Net Pension Liability		1,872,863		2,071,472
District's portion of the plan's total Net Pension Liability	(0.01695%		0.01810%

Pension Expense/(Benefit) and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2023, the District's proportionate share of the PFRS expense (benefit), calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date was \$246,793. At December 31, 2023, the District had deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PFRS from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
\$	80,192	\$	89,319	
	4,042		126,463	
	95,381		-	
	504,995		121,706	
\$	684,610	\$	337,488	
	of I	\$ 80,192 4,042 95,381	of Resources of I \$ 80,192 4,042 \$ 95,381 \$ 95,381 \$ 504,995	

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PFRS that will be recognized in future periods:

Year Ending		
December 31,	A	mount
2024	\$	3,773
2025		6,712
2026		189,195
2027		66,979
2028		80,108
Thereafter		355
Total	\$	347,122

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Special Funding Situation

Under *N.J.S.A.* 43:16A-15, local participating employers are responsible for their own contributions based on actuarially determined amounts, except where legislation was passed which legally obligated the State if certain circumstances occurred. The legislation which legally obligates the state is as follows: Chapter 8, P.L. 2000, Chapter 318, P.L. 2001, Chapter 86, P.L. 2001, Chapter 511, P.L., 1991, Chapter 109, P.L. 1979, Chapter 247, P.L. 1993 and Chapter 201, P.L. 2001. The amounts contributed on behalf of the local participating employers under this legislation is considered to be a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68 and the State is treated as a non-employer contributing entity. Since the local participating employers do not contribute under this legislation directly to the plan (except for employer specific financed amounts), there is no net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, or deferred inflows of resources to report in the financial statements of the local participating employers related to the legislation. However, the notes to the financial statements of the local participating employers must disclose the portion of the non-employer contributing entities' total proportionate share of the collective net pension liability that is associated with the local participating employer.

Additionally, the State's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability attributable to the District is \$345,097 as of December 31, 2023. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total pension liability from an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the District was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. The State's proportion measured as of June 30, 2023 was 0.01695%, which was a decrease of 0.001146% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022, which is the same proportion as the District's. At December 31, 2023, the District's and the State of New Jersey's proportionate share of the PFRS net pension liability were as follows:

District's proportional share of net pension liability	\$ 1,872,863
State of New Jersey's proportionate share of net pension liability	
associated with the District	345,097
	\$ 2,217,960

At December 31, 2023, the State's proportionate share of the PFRS expense, associated with the District, calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date was \$39,254.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Inflation:

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases:

Through:

All Future Years
3.25% - 16.25%

Based on Years of Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Mortality Rate Table PubS-2010 Amount-weighted Mortality Table use Scale MP-2021

Period of Actuarial Experience Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based

July 1, 2018 - June 30, 2021

Employee mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 105.6% adjustment for males and 102.5% adjustment for females. For healthy annuitants, mortality rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 96.7% adjustment for males and 96.0% adjustment for females. Disability rates were based on the PubS-2010 amount-weighted mortality table with a 152.0% adjustment for males and 109.3% adjustment for females. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2023) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PFRS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023 are summarized in the following table:

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

	Target	Long –Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	28.00%	8.98%
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	12.75%	9.22%
International Small Cap Equity	1.25%	9.22%
Emerging Markets Equity	5.50%	11.13%
Private Equity	13.00%	12.50%
Real Estate	8.00%	8.58%
Real Assets	3.00%	8.40%
High Yield	4.50%	6.97%
Private Credit	8.00%	9.20%
Investment Grade Credit	7.00%	5.19%
Cash Equivalents	2.00%	3.31%
U.S. Treasuries	4.00%	3.31%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00%	6.21%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

NOTE 9: PENSION OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate (continued)

	 % Decrease (6.00%)	Dis	Current count Rate (7.00%)	 % Increase (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 2,609,507	\$	1,872,863	\$ 1,259,415
State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability				
Associated with the District	480,832		345,097	 232,062
	\$ 3,090,339	\$	2,217,960	\$ 1,491,477

Related Party Investments

The Division of Pensions and Benefits does not invest in securities issued by the District.

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the Other Post-employment Benefits Plan

The State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan (the Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. It covers employees of local government employers that have adopted a resolution to participate in the Plan. For additional information about the Plan, please refer to the State of New Jersey (the State), Division of Pensions and Benefits' (the Division) annual financial statements, which can be found at https://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions/financial-reports.shtml.

The Plan provides medical and prescription drug to retirees and their covered dependents of the participating employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees.

Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations agreement.

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

General Information about the Other Post-employment Benefits Plan (continued)

In accordance with Chapter 330, P.L. 1997, which is codified in *N.J.S.A 52:14-17.32i*, the State provides medical and prescription coverage to local police officers and firefighters, who retire with 25 years of service or on a disability from an employer who does not provide postretirement medical coverage. Local employers were required to file a resolution with the Division in order for their employees to qualify for State-paid retiree health benefits coverage under Chapter 330. The State also provides funding for retiree health benefits to survivors of local police officers and firefighters who die in the line of duty under Chapter 271, P.L.1989.

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Basis of Presentation

The schedule of employer and nonemployer allocations and the schedule of OPEB amounts by employer and nonemployer (collectively, the Schedules) present amounts that are considered elements of the financial statements of its participating employers or the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. Accordingly, they do not purport to be a complete presentation of the financial position or changes in financial position of the participating employers or the State. The accompanying Schedules were prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Such preparation requires management of the Plan to make a number of estimates and assumptions relating to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature of these estimates, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Allocation Methodology

GASB Statement No. 75 requires participating employers in the Plan to recognize their proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability, collective deferred outflows of resources, collective deferred inflows of resources, and collective OPEB expense (benefit). The special funding situation's and nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB (benefit) expense are based on separately calculated total OPEB liabilities. For the special funding situation and the nonspecial funding situation, the total OPEB liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$3,461,898,890 and \$11,427,677,896, respectively. The nonspecial funding situation's net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB (benefit) expense are further allocated to employers based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Employer and nonemployer allocation percentages have been rounded for presentation purposes; therefore, amounts presented in the schedule of OPEB amounts by employer and nonemployer may result in immaterial differences.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the collective net OPEB liability of the plan as of June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 14,889,576,786
Plan fiduciary net position	 (116,962,691)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 15,006,539,477

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Net OPEB Liability (continued)

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The actuarial assumptions vary for each plan member depending on the pension plan the member is enrolled in. This actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement:

Salary Increases*:

PERS:

Rate for all future years 2.75% to 6.55%

PFRS:

Rate of all future years 3.25% to 16.25%

Mortality Rate Table:

PERS Pub-2010 general classification headcount

weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the

central year using scale MP-2021

PFRS

Pub-2010 safety classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the

central year using scale MP-2021

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2022 valuation were based on the results of the PFRS and PERS experience studies prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

OPEB Obligation and OPEB (Benefit) Expense

The District's proportionate share of the total Other Post-Employment Benefits Obligations was \$1,316,074. The OPEB Obligation was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB Obligation used to calculate the OPEB Obligation was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2023. The State's proportionate share of the OPEB Obligation associated with the District was based on projection of the State's long-term contributions to the OPEB plan associated with the District relative to the projected contributions by the State associated with all participating entities, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the State proportionate share of the OPEB Obligation attributable to the District was 0.00877%, which was an increase of 0.00124% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the State of New Jersey recognized an OPEB (benefit) expense in the amount of \$202,921 for the State's proportionate share of the OPEB (benefit) expense attributable to the District. This OPEB (benefit) expense was based on the OPEB plans June 30, 2023 measurement date.

^{*} Salary increases are based on years of service within the respective plan

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Health Care Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend rate is initially 6.50% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after nine years. For post-65 medical benefits PPO, the trend rate is increasing to 14.8% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For HMO, the trend is increasing to 17.4% in fiscal year 2026 and decreases to 4.50% in fiscal year 2033. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 9.50% decreasing to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For the Medicare Part B reimbursement, the trend rate is 5.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2023 was 3.65%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the collective net OPEB liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the collective net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease (2.65%)	D	Current iscount Rate (3.65%)	19	% Increase (4.65%)
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District	\$	1,524,433	\$	1,316,074	\$	1,148,481
State's Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability	\$ 1	7,382,355,978	\$ 1	5,006,539,477	\$ 1	3,095,561,553

Sensitivity of Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 9	% Decrease		lthcare Cost rend Rate	19	% Increase
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability associated with the District	\$	1,118,508	\$	1,316,074	\$	1,569,018
State's Total Nonemployer OPEB Liability	\$ 12	2,753,792,805	\$ 1.	5,006,539,477	\$ 1	7,890,743,651

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Additional Information

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and net OPEB liability balances as of June 30, 2023:

	Balance December 31,		
	2023	2022	
Actuarial valuation date (including roll forward)	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,695,614	\$ 1,666,363	
Deferred Inflows of Resources	729,632	640,341	
Net OPEB Liability	1,316,074	1,215,903	
District's portion of the plan's total Net OPEB Liability	0.00877%	0.00753%	

OPEB Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2023, the District's proportionate share of the OPEB outflows and inflows, calculated by the plan as of the June 30, 2023 measurement date is \$1,695,614 and \$729,632, respectively. At December 31, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
	_		
\$	60,691	\$	357,403
	170,481		372,012
	-		217
	1,464,442		
\$	1,695,614	\$	729,632
	of	\$ 60,691 170,481	of Resources of I \$ 60,691 \$ 170,481 \$ - 1,464,442

The following is a summary of the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB that will be recognized in future periods:

Year Ending		
December 31,	A	mount
2024	\$	59,898
2025		86,914
2026		143,048
2027		178,193
2028		146,606
Thereafter		351,323
Total	\$	965,982

Changes in Proportion

The previous amounts do not include employer specific deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the changes in proportion. These amounts should be recognized (amortized)

NOTE 10: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Changes in Proportion (continued)

by each employer over the average remaining service lives of all plan members, which is 7.89, 7.82, 7.87, 8.05, 8.14 and 8.04 years for the 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018 and 2017 amounts, respectively.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2022, the Program membership consisted of the following:

Active plan members	65,613
Retirees currently receiving benefits	34,771
Total plan members	100,384

The change in the State's Total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Service cost	\$ 597,135,801
Interest on Total OPEB Liability	581,375,849
Changes in benefit terms	23,039,435
Differences in expected and actual experience	(2,123,324,632)
Changes in assumptions	255,103,873
Contributions from the employer	(431,386,179)
Contributions from non-employer contributing entities	(55,614,980)
Net investment income	(2,001,914)
Administrative expenses	12,616,746
Net changes	(1,143,056,001)
Total OPEB Liability (Beginning)	 16,149,595,478
Total OPEB Liability (Ending)	\$ 15,006,539,477

NOTE 11: LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM

The District's length of service awards program (LOSAP), which is reported in the District's general fund, was created by a resolution pursuant to Section 457 (e)(11)(B) of the Internal Service Code of 1986, as amended, except for provisions added by reason of the length of service award program as enacted into federal law in 1997. The voters of the District approved the adoption of the LOSAP at the general election held on February 19, 2005, and the first year of eligibility for entrance into the LOSAP by qualified volunteers was calendar year 2006. The LOSAP provides tax deferred income benefits to active volunteer firefighters and emergency medical personnel. The tax deferred income benefits for the active volunteer firefighters and emergency medical personnel serving the residents the Township of Howell come from contributions made solely by the governing body of the District, on behalf of those volunteers who meet the criteria of a LOSAP plan created by that governing body. Participants should refer to the LOSAP Plan agreement for a more complete description of the LOSAP Plan's provisions.

NOTE 11: LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM (continued)

Contributions

If an active member meets the year of active service requirement, a LOSAP Plan must provide a benefit between the minimum contribution of \$100 and a maximum contribution of \$1,150 per initial plan year. While the maximum amount is established by statute, it is subject to periodic increases that are related to the consumer price index (*N.J.S.A. 40A:14-185(f)*). The Division of Local Government Services of the State of New Jersey will issue the permitted maximum annually. The District elected to contribute \$2,070 for the year ended December 31, 2023, per eligible volunteer, into the LOSAP Plan. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the District contributed a total of \$35,190 to the LOSAP Plan. Participants direct the investment of the contributions into various investment options offered by the LOSAP Plan. The District has no authorization to direct investment contributions on behalf of eligible volunteers nor has the ability to purchase or sell investment options offered by the LOSAP Plan. The types of investment options, and the administering of such investments, rests solely with the LOSAP Plan administrator.

Participant Accounts

Each participant's account is credited with the District's contribution and LOSAP Plan earnings, and charged with administrative expenses. The benefit to which a participant is entitled is the benefit that can be provided from the participant's vested account. The District has placed the amounts deferred, including earnings, in a trust maintained by Lincoln (Plan Administrator), as an approved LOSAP provide a third-party administrator for the exclusive benefit of the LOSAP Plan participants and their beneficiaries. Such funds, although subject to the claims of the District's creditors until distributed as benefit payments, are not available for funding the operations of the District. The funds may also be used to pay the administrative fees charged by the LOSAP Plan Administrator. The District's practical involvement in administering the LOSAP Plan is essentially limited to verifying the eligibility of each participant and remitting the funds to the LOSAP Plan Administrator.

Vesting

Benefits, plus actual earnings thereon, are one hundred percent (100%) vested after five (5) years of service.

Payment of Benefits

Upon retirement or disability, participants may select various payout options, which include lump sum, periodic, or annuity payments. In the case of death, with certain exceptions, any amount invested under the participant's account is paid to the beneficiary or the participant's estate. In the event of an unforeseeable emergency, as outlined in the Plan document, a participant or a beneficiary entitled to vested accumulated deferrals may request the Plan Administrator to payout a portion of vested accumulated deferrals. During the year ended December 31, 2023, \$36,395 were made to vested participants.

Forfeited Accounts

There were no forfeitures during the year ended December 31, 2023.

Participant Withdrawals

There were \$36,395 of participant withdrawals during the year ended December 31, 2023.

NOTE 11: LENGTH OF SERVICE AWARDS PROGRAM (continued)

Investments

The investments of the LOSAP reported on the statement of fiduciary net position are recorded at fair value and contract value as described in Note 2: *Investments*.

Plan Information

Additional information about the District's LOSAP can be obtained by contacting the LOSAP Plan Administrator.

NOTE 12: FUNDING

The activities of the District are primarily funded by the striking of the fire tax on the property owners of the District, as provided for by the state statute. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the fire tax rate on the District was approximately \$.092 per \$100 of assessed valuation. The tax revenue is supplemented by income earned on surplus funds invested in a money market fund and investments during the year. The District also participates in the Supplemental Fire Services Program and received a Supplemental Fire Services Grant of \$4,342.

NOTE 13: OTHER RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Other receivable and payables are interfunds whose purpose is for short-term borrowing. As of December 31, 2023, the following interfund balances remained on the balance sheet:

Fund	Interfund receivable		Interfund payable
General	\$	- \$	11,867
Capital projects	11,86	<u></u>	_
Total	\$ 11,86	<u>\$7</u>	11,867

Other receivables and payables represent amounts that are owed, other than charges for goods or services rendered to/from a particular fund in the District and that are due within one year. As previously mentioned, these amounts are eliminated in the governmental columns of the district wide statement of net position.

NOTE 14: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT/RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Governmental activities net position as of January 1, 2023 has been restated as follows for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 45, 57, & 74:

NOTE 14: PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT/RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (continued)

	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Net position as previously reported at December 31, 2022	\$	1,509,030
Implementation of GASB 75:		
Net other postemployment benefit liability		
(measurement date as of June 30, 2022)		(1,215,903)
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		
(measurement date as of June 30, 2022)		(640,341)
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits		
(measurement date as of June 30, 2022)		1,666,363
Total prior period adjustment/restatement of net position		(189,881)
Net position as restated January 1, 2023	\$	1,319,149

NOTE 15: FUND BALANCE

General Fund – Of the \$768,342 General Fund balance at December 31, 2023, \$688,370 is restricted for length of service award program, \$250,000 is assigned for subsequent years expenditures, and \$(150,028) is unassigned.

Capital Projects Fund – Of the \$222,518 Capital Projects Fund balance at December 31, 2023, \$40,000 is assigned for subsequent years expenditures and \$222,518 is restricted for Capital.

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, unless prohibited by law or regulation.

NOTE 16: DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

As reflected on Exhibit A-1, district wide statement of net position, a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$(1,905,971) existed as of December 31, 2023 for governmental activities. The primary cause of this deficit is the recording of the long-term liability for net pension. In accordance with full accrual accounting, which is the basis of accounting for Exhibit A-1, district wide statement of net position, such liabilities are required to be recorded in the period in which they are incurred. However, in accordance with the rules and regulations that govern the District in the formulation of their annual budget (see Note 1), pension liabilities that relate to future services, or that are contingent on a specific event outside the control of the District and its employees, are funded in the period in which such services are rendered or in which such events take place.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule For the year ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget	Modified Budget	Actual Budgetary Basis	Variance
Revenues:		Duager	2400	
Miscellaneous anticipated revenues:				
Interest on investments and deposits Other revenues	\$ 500 21,200	\$ 500 21,200	\$ 6,051 12,345	\$ 5,551 (8,855)
Total miscellaneous revenues	21,700	21,700	18,396	(3,304)
Operating grant revenues:				
Supplemental fire service act	4,342	4,342	4,342	
Total operating grant revenue	4,342	4,342	4,342	
Revenues offset with appropriations: Uniform fire safety act	35,000	35,000	47,829	12,829
Total revenues offset with appropriations	35,000	35,000	47,829	12,829
Total revenues	61,042	61,042	70,567	9,525
Amount to be raised by taxation to support budget	2,179,261	2,179,261	2,179,261	-
Total anticipated revenues	2,240,303	2,240,303	2,249,828	9,525
Expenditures:				
Operating appropriations:				
Administration:				
Salaries and wages	22,500	22,500	22,500	-
Other expenditures:				
Election expense	9,244	6,144	6,128	16
Office expense	15,000	18,052	18,543	(491)
Bond agent	1,500	-	-	-
Outside services	2,800	2,800	-	2,800
Continuing education	15,000	-	-	-
Professional fees	90,000	75,000	75,679	(679)
Total administration	156,044	124,496	122,850	1,646
Cost of operations and maintenance:				
Salaries and wages	744,227	817,142	802,101	15,041
Fringe benefits	587,013	602,008	602,203	(195)
Other expenditures:				
Advertising	2,000	400	389	11
Contingent expenses	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Emergency first aid equipment	5,000	250	243	7
Fire prevention	7,000	2,000	-	2,000
Fire service agreement	50,000	50,000	50,000	(2.969)
Miscellaneous firefighter expense Gear	15,000 40,000	35,200 63,700	38,068	(2,868)
Insurance	70,000	69,100	63,647 73,244	53 (4,144)
Maintenance and repairs	140,000	148,700	148,649	51
Other non-bondable assets	142,400	55,153	53,030	2,123
Hydrant rental	72,000	51,660	51,660	2,123
SCBA	15,000	10,300	10,231	69
Supplies	30,000	41,900	41,699	201
Training and education	25,000	31,550	31,540	10
Technology	10,000	- ,	=	-
Utilities	65,000	69,200	67,451	1,749
Total cost of operations and maintenance	2,021,640	2,050,263	2,034,155	16,108

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (continued) For the year ended December 31, 2023

		Original Budget	-	Modified Budget	I	Actual Budgetary Basis	 /ariance
Operating appropriations offset with revenues:							
Salaries and wages		25,000		25,000		25,000	-
Fringe benefits		2,000		2,000		-	2,000
Other expenditures:		9.200		12,002		12 474	£10
Other expenses	-	8,300	-	13,992	-	13,474	 518
Total operating appropriations offset with revenues		35,300		40,992		38,474	 2,518
Length of service award program		55,000		55,000		35,190	 19,810
Capital appropriations		150,000		150,000		89,703	 60,297
Debt service for capital appropriations:							
Principal on finance purchases		111,684		111,684		111,684	-
Interest on finance purchases		10,635		10,635		10,635	-
Total debt service for capital appropriations		122,319		122,319		122,319	-
Total operating appropriations		2,540,303		2,543,070		2,442,691	100,379
Excess (efficiency) of revenues over (under)							
operating appropriations		(300,000)		(302,767)		(192,863)	 109,904
Fund balance, January 1		555,353		555,353		555,353	
Fund balance, December 31	\$	255,353	\$	252,586	\$	362,490	\$ 109,904
RECAPITULATION OF FUND BALANCE:							
Restricted fund balance:							
Capital Assigned fund balance:					\$	222,518	
Subsequent year's expenditures						290,000	
Unassigned fund balance						(150,028)	
Total - budgetary basis						362,490	
Reconciliation to Governmental Fund statements:							
Length of service award program investment balance not recognized on the budgetary basis						668,370	
						·	
Total fund balance per Governmental Funds					\$	1,030,860	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information Budget to Governmental Funds Reconciliation For the year ended December 31, 2023

	G	Total overnmental Funds
Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Revenue" From the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (C-1):	\$	2,249,828
Difference - Budget to Governmental Funds:		
Budgetary basis differs in that the District does not budget for appreciation in the value of length of service awards program. GASB Statement No. 73 requires the appreciation in the value of length of service awards program to be shown in financial statements using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting:		
Appreciation in the value of length of service awards program		94,069
Total Revenues as Reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	2,343,897
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		
Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) "Total Appropriations" From the Budgetary Comparison Schedule (C-1)	\$	2,442,691
Budgetary basis differs in that the District is required to budget for contributions to the length of service awards program. Expenditures under the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting are limited to the benefits paid in accordance with the LOSAP Plan.		
Length of service awards program contribution Administrative fees Participant withdrawals		(35,190) 1,248 36,395
Total Expenditures as Reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	\$	2,445,144

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Police and Firemen's Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Measurement Da	Measurement Date Ended June 30,				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01695%	0.01810%	0.01508%	0.01313%	0.01165%	0.01191%	0.01091%	0.00890%	0.00744%	0.00721%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,872,863	\$ 2,071,472	\$ 1,102,195	\$ 1,697,130	\$ 1,425,174	\$ 1,611,940	\$ 1,683,883	\$ 1,699,839	\$ 1,239,980	\$ 907,119
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	345,097	368,661	309,992	263,387	225,038	218,955	188,609	142,744	108,742	97,681
Total	\$ 2,217,960	\$ 2,440,133	\$ 1,412,187	\$ 1,960,517	\$ 1,650,212	\$ 1,830,895	\$ 1,872,492	\$ 1,842,583	\$ 1,348,722	\$ 1,004,800
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 676,222	\$ 626,515	\$ 559,931	\$ 543,622	\$ 527,788	\$ 461,223	\$ 411,310	\$ 387,964	\$ 339,462	\$ 339,462
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	276.96%	330.63%	196.84%	312.19%	270.03%	349.49%	409.40%	438.14%	365.28%	267.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70.16%	68.33%	77.26%	63.52%	65.00%	62.48%	58.60%	52.01%	56.31%	62.41%

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON Schedule of District Contributions Police and Firemen's Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

									Year	Year Ended December 31,	mber	31,								
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	7	5014
Contractually required contribution	↔	225,650 \$	\$	235,364	↔	175,748	↔	146,732	↔	117,634	\$	116,641	↔	96,532	↔	72,553	↔	60,512	↔	55,388
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(225,650)		(235,364)		(175,748)		(146,732)		(117,634)		(116,641)		(96,532)		(72,553)		(60,512)		(55,388)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	-	\$		↔		↔		↔		↔		↔	1	↔		S		÷	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	\$ 676,222 \$ 626,515	↔	626,515	↔	559,931	↔	543,622	↔	527,788	↔	461,223	↔	411,310	↔	387,964	↔	339,462	↔	339,462
Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll		33.37%		37.57%		31.39%		26.99%		22.29%		25.29%		23.47%		18.70%		17.83%		16.32%

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit Liability Local Government Retired Employees Plan Last Two Fiscal Years *

	Measurement Dat	te Ended June 30,
	2023	2022
District's Proportion of the Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	0.00877%	0.00753%
District's Proportionate Share of the Net		
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	\$ 1,316,074	\$ 1,215,903
District's Covered-employee Payroll	\$ 676,222	\$ 626,515
District's Proportionate Share of the Net		
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability as a Percentage of its		
Covered-employee payroll	194.62%	194.07%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (Deficit) as a Percentage of		
the Total Other Postemployment Benefit Liability	(0.79%)	(0.36%)

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS)

Changes of Benefit Terms

None.

Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate used as of June 30, measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Year</u>	Rate
2023	7.00%	2018	5.66%
2022	7.00%	2017	5.00%
2021	7.00%	2016	3.98%
2020	7.00%	2015	4.90%
2019	6.28%	2014	5.39%

The long-term expected rate of return used as of June 30, measurement date is as follows:

<u>Year</u>	Rate	<u>Year</u>	<u>Rate</u>
2023	7.00%	2018	7.00%
2022	7.00%	2017	7.00%
2021	7.00%	2016	7.65%
2020	7.00%	2015	7.90%
2019	7.00%	2014	7.90%

The mortality assumption was updated upon the direction from the Division of Pensions and Benefits.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Changes in Benefits

The increase in benefit terms from June 30, 2022, to June 30, 2023 was a result of employers adopting and or changing Chapter 48 provisions which provide different levels of subsidy than in the prior year.

Differences Between Expected and Actual Experiences

The increase in differences between expected and actual experiences from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 was a result of an update in census information, and premiums and claims experience.

Changes of Assumptions

The increase in changes in assumptions from June 30, 2022 to June 30, 2023 is a result of a change in the discount rate, trend update, and an experience study update.

FIRE DISTRICT NO. 4 OF THE TOWNSHIP OF JACKSON Notes to the Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) (continued)

The discount rate used as of June 30, measurement date for the last eight fiscal years is as follows:

Year	Rate
2023	3.65%
2022	3.54%
2021	2.16%
2020	2.21%
2019	3.50%
2018	3.87%
2017	3.58%
2016	2.85%

JACKSON BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS NO. 4
Schedule of Obligations Under Finance Purchases
For the year ended December 31, 2023

									Amount						7	Amount
	Date of	Term of	,	Amount of Original	Financing	Annual Maturities	turities	Interest Rate	Outstandin	ĕ					ō	ıtstanding
Description	Financing	Financing		Principal	Interest	Date	Amount	Payable I	December 31, 2022	2022	Is	Issued		Retired	Decen	December 31, 2023
Pumper	April 20, 2021	Five Years	€	572,024 \$	39,571	9,571 December 31, 2024 \$	\$ 114,253	7.00%	\$ 46	162,386		,	€	(111,684)	€	350,702
						December 31, 2026	119,568	7.00%								
							-	Total	\$ 46	62,386	↔		€	(111,684)	↔	350,702



1985 Cedar Bridge Ave., Suite 3 • Lakewood, NJ 08701 • 732.797.1333 194 East Bergen Place • Red Bank, NJ 07701 • 732.747.0010

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Board of Fire Commissioners Fire District No. 4 of the Township of Jackson County of Ocean Jackson Township, New Jersey

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Jackson Board of Fire Commissioners No. 4 (hereafter referred to as the District), County of Ocean, State of New Jersey for the year ended December 31, 2023. In accordance with requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the following are the *General Comments* and *Recommendations* for the year then ended.

GENERAL COMMENTS AND RECCOMEDATIONS

Contracts and Agreements Required to be Advertised by N.J.S.A.40A:11-4

N.J.S.A.40A:11-4 - Every contract or agreement, for the performance of any work or furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the cost or the contract price whereof is to be paid with or out of public funds not included within the terms of Section 3 of this act, shall be made or awarded only by the governing body of the contracting unit after public advertising for bids and bidding therefore, except as is provided otherwise in this act or specifically by any other Law. No work, materials or supplies shall be undertaken, acquired or furnished for a sum exceeding in the aggregate \$44,000, except by contract or agreement. The District has a qualified purchasing agent on staff.

It is pointed out that the Board of Fire Commissioners has the responsibility of determining whether the expenditures in any category will exceed the statutory minimum within the fiscal year. Where question arises as to whether any contract or agreement might result in violation of the statute, the solicitor's opinion should be sought before a commitment is made.

Review of the minutes and financial transactions did not identify any bids requested by public advertising.

The minutes indicate that resolutions were adopted authorizing the awarding of contracts or agreements for "Professional Services," per *N.J.S.A.40A:11-5*.

Inasmuch as the system of records did not provide for an accumulation of payments for categories for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies, the results of such an accumulation could not reasonably be ascertained. Disbursements were reviewed, however, to determine whether any clear-cut violations existed. The results or our examination did not disclose any discrepancies.

Contracts and Agreements Requiring Solicitation of Quotations

The examination of expenditures did not reveal any individual payments, contracts or agreements in excess of \$6,600 "for the performance of any work or the furnishing or hiring of any materials or supplies", other than those where bids had been previously sought by public advertisement or where a resolution had been previously adopted under the provision of *N.J.S.A.40A:11-6.1*. The supporting documentation indicated that quotes were requested for all items that required them.

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Examination of Cash Receipts

A test check of cash receipts was made.

Examination of Bills

A test check of paid bills was made and each bill, upon proper approval, was considered as a separate and individual contract unless the records disclosed it to be a part payment or estimate. The results of the examination did not disclose any discrepancies with respect to signatures, certification or supporting documentation.

Examination of Payroll

The examination of the payroll account included the detailed computation of various deductions or other credits from the payroll of the Authority employees and we ascertained that the accumulated withholdings were disbursed to the proper agencies.

Capital Assets

The Capital Asset subledger was maintained properly and a reconciliation between the physical and perpetual inventory records was performed at year-end.

Budget Adoption

The State of New Jersey requires that the District's operating and capital budgets be approved and adopted for each fiscal year. The District approved its operating budget on December 8, 2022 and adopted its operating budget on January 12, 2023.

Current Year's Findings

There were no current year findings.

Follow-Up of Prior Year's Findings

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards and audit requirements prescribed by the Local Finance Board and by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, our procedures included a review of all prior year findings. All prior year findings have been corrected.

Acknowledgment

We received the complete cooperation of all the staff of the District and we greatly appreciate the courtesies extended to the members of the audit team. During our audit, we did not note any problems or weaknesses significant enough that would affect our ability to express an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Should you have any questions, please call us.

HOLMAN FRENIA ALLISON, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

November 13, 2024 Lakewood, New Jersey